



Developing Medical Devices for Pediatric Patients: Engineering Considerations

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Overview

- Pediatric Population
- Device and Design Considerations
- Unique and Unmet Needs
- Creative Approaches



Pediatric Population

Pediatric

- Patients ≤ 21 years at the time of the diagnosis or treatment

Pediatric “subpopulation”

- Neonates (birth – 1 month)
- Infants (>1 month – 2 yrs)
- Children (>2 yrs – 12 yrs)
- Adolescents (>12yrs – 21 yrs)

- * Defined in *Premarket Assessment of Pediatric Medical Devices Guidance*, available at:

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/GuidanceDocuments/ucm089740.htm>



Device & Design Considerations

- Pediatric population represents a particularly vulnerable group
- General principles of device review also apply to pediatric devices
 - Biocompatibility, sterility, EMC
 - Design controls and good manufacturing practices (GMP)



Device & Design Considerations

Additional considerations for pediatric populations

- Height and weight
- Unpredictable growth and development issues (and growth in general)
- Disease or condition
- Congenital problems
- Hormonal influences
- Anatomical and physiological differences from the adult population
- Activity and maturity level
- Injury and recovery
- Difficulty conducting clinical trials



Device Design

Modifications to an adult device

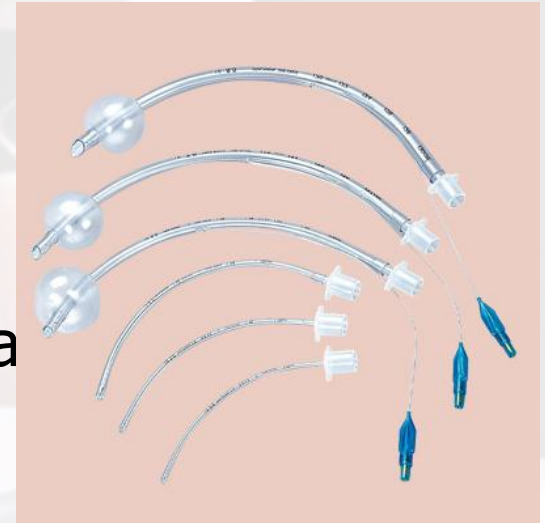
- Reduction in size
- Attenuation of electrical output

Designed specifically for pediatric population

- To address a pediatric specific condition
- To address pediatric limitations

Need to consider factors specific to pediatric population

- Additional stresses on the device due to growth
- Activity level of pediatric patients
- Impact of treatment on smaller patient
- Affects of treatment on development





Pediatric AED Pads

- AED Manufacturers recognize the need for lower output for children
- Different design options
 - Pediatric pads that attenuate signal
 - User input to AED to signal that patient is a child





VEPTR

- Vertical Expandable Prosthetic Titanium Rib (VEPTR) (Synthes) is indicated for treatment of Thoracic Insufficiency Syndrome (TIS) in skeletally immature patients.
- Curved metal rod attached to ribs
- Device is lengthened or replaced at specific times to allow for patient's growth and to further correct deformity





Berlin Heart

- Berlin Heart EXCOR Pediatric Ventricular Assist Device (VAD) is a blood pump that vibrates rhythmically and is designed to assist patients who cannot pump enough blood with their own natural heart.
- First FDA-approved pulsatile mechanical circulatory support device specifically designed for children.
- Adult heart assist devices were too large to be used in children





Collaboration

FDA wants to work with manufacturers and the clinical community to bring to the market more devices designed for and evaluated in children – with appropriate labeling.



Contact Information

Thank you!

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